Aid in Support of Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment

DONOR CHARTS



June 2022

Statistics based on DAC Members' reporting on the Gender Equality Policy Marker, 2019-2020 Creditor Reporting System database



DEFINITION

THE GENDER EQUALITY POLICY MARKER

DEFINITION

An activity should be classified as gender equality focused (score Principal or Significant) if:

It is intended to advance gender equality and women's empowerment or reduce discrimination and inequalities based on sex.

CRITERIA FOR ELIGIBILITY

Gender equality is explicitly promoted in activity documentation through specific measures which:

- a) Reduce social, economic or political power inequalities between women and men, girls and boys, ensure that women benefit equally with men from the activity, or compensate for past discrimination; or
- b) Develop or strengthen gender equality or anti-discrimination policies, legislation or institutions.

This approach requires analysing gender inequalities either separately or as an integral part of agencies' standard procedures.

EXAMPLES OF TYPICAL ACTIVITIES

- $\hfill \square$ Examples of activities that could be marked as principal objective:
 - -- legal literacy for women and girls;
 - -- male networks against gender violence;
 - -- a social safety net project which focuses specifically on assisting women and girls as a particularly disadvantaged group in a society:
 - -- capacity building of Ministries of Finance and Planning to incorporate gender equality objectives in national poverty reduction or comparable strategies.

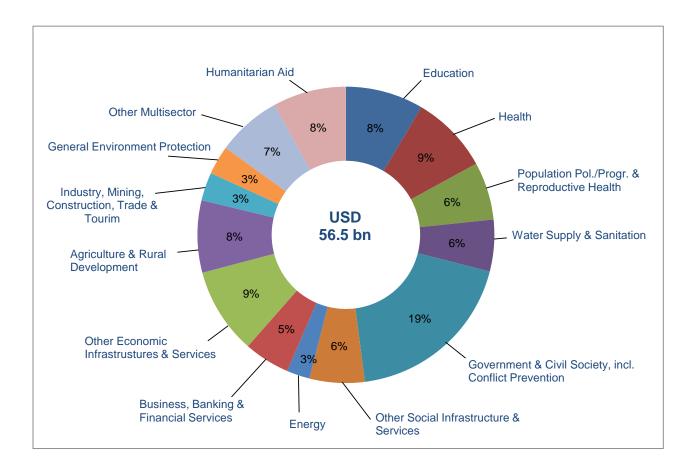
Such activities can target women specifically, men specifically or both women and men.

- ☐ Examples of activities that could be marked as significant objective:
 - -- activity which has as its principal objective to provide drinking water to a district or community while at the same time ensuring that women and girls have safe and easy access to the facilities; -- a social safety net project which focuses on the community as a whole and ensures that women and girls benefit equally with men and boys.

N.B. Support to women's equality organisations and institutions (CRS sector code 15170) scores, by definition, principal objective.

OVERVIEW

Gender Equality Focus of DAC Members' Aid by Sector Average annual value of commitments in 2019-2020 constant 2020 USD 56.5 billion



Coverage – All DAC members, except one, report on the gender equality focus of their aid. As from 2010 data, the calculation of allocable aid is no longer based on sectors but on types of aid. This new methodology slightly extends the scope of aid screened, mainly with the inclusion of humanitarian aid. The calculation includes the following types of aid: sector budget support, core support to NGOs, support to specific funds managed by international organisations, pooled funding, projects, donor country personnel and other technical assistance, and scholarships in donor country. The term *bilateral allocable aid* in this publication refers to this methodology.

These charts are based on commitment data, which best reflect current policies by donors. A two-year average is given, as the focus and volume of commitments vary from year to year. DAC members use a 'marker' to identify activities that have gender equality as a principal or significant objective. Reporting has strongly improved over the years, and although some members encounter difficulties in applying the methodology, the currently available data nevertheless give a reliable indication of the extent to which those donors that report address gender equality in their aid programmes.

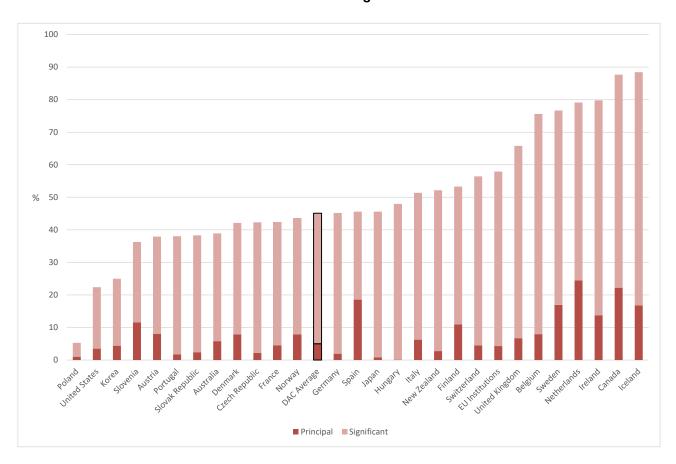
AID AT A GLANCE - DONORS' CHARTS

The following charts (2019-2020 average) summarise statistics on **aid focused on gender equality and women's empowerment** extended by each DAC member. Information shown includes the gender equality policy marker coverage, the top ten recipients and a sector breakdown of aid focused on gender equality and women's empowerment.

Charts are not shown for Greece and Luxembourg who did not report on the marker in 2019-2020.

Guidance for the interpretation of the charts: The first element to take into account when analysing the data for one country or when comparing data between countries is the COVERAGE RATIO, i.e. the proportion of aid which is screened. A high percentage of gender equality focused aid ALONE does not mean that aid is well aligned with the gender equality policy objective, such a conclusion would only be valid for a donor with 100% coverage. When comparing data between donors, both coverage ratio and % of aid focused on gender equality and women's empowerment have to be considered. (A number of members do not screen contributions that are by nature likely to fall under the "not targeted" category, e.g. imputed student costs. Therefore, a high amount in the category "not screened" generally increases the percentage of gender equality focused aid significantly.)

Percentage of ODA focused on gender equality in Bilateral Allocable Aid 2019-2020 average



Aid in support of Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment, 2019-2020 average (2020 USD million)

	Principal	Significant	Sub-Total: Gender Equality focused	as % of aid screened	Not targeted	Total: aid screened	Not screened	Bilateral allocable, total	Support to women's equality organisations and institutions	Ending violence against women and girls
	а	b	c = a + b	c/e	d	e = c + d	f		both include	d in (a)
Australia	127	725	852	39	1,337	2,189	0	2,189	10	26
Austria	30	110	139	38	228	367	18	384	7	7
Belgium	68	576	644	76	208	851	129	980	1	6
Canada	668	1,970	2,638	88	370	3,008	0	3,008	215	53
Czech Republic	1	26	28	42	38	66	1	67	0	0
Denmark	128	556	684	42	940	1,624	34	1,658	6	0
EU Institutions	665	8,318	8,983	58	6,530	15,513	5,489	21,002	35	46
Finland	43	166	209	53	183	391	76	468	9	13
France	533	4,510	5,043	42	6,865	11,908	350	12,257	65	2
Germany	420	9,369	9,789	45	11,876	21,665	131	21,796	31	24
Greece								9	0	0
Hungary	0	91	91	48	99	190	0	190	0	0
Iceland	6	25	31	88	4	35	0	35	3	0
Ireland	58	277	335	80	85	419	21	441	7	14
Italy	61	457	518	52	479	997	139	1,136	8	7
Japan	117	6,932	7,049	46	8,410	15,459	1,222	16,681	30	9
Korea	120	561	680	25	2,043	2,723	126	2,850	11	16
Luxembourg								326	2	3
Netherlands	974	2,178	3,152	79	832	3,983	0	3,983	209	8
New Zealand	13	238	251	52	230	482	0	482	1	4
Norway	242	1,094	1,337	44	1,730	3,066	0	3,066	51	74
Poland	1	4	6	5	100	106	0	106	0	0
Portugal	2	39	41	38	67	107	0	107	0	0
Slovak Republic	0	7	7	38	11	18	0	18	0	0
Slovenia	1	2	2	36	4	6	3	9	0	0
Spain	119	173	292	46	349	641	0	641	28	22
Sweden	307	1,083	1,390	77	423	1,813	57	1,871	52	28
Switzerland	96	1,117	1,212	56	936	2,149	138	2,287	10	25
United Kingdom	484	4,252	4,736	66	2,461	7,197	317	7,514	12	32
United States	983	5,339	6,322	22	21,939	28,262	0	28,262	2	6
Total DAC members	6,269	50,193	56,461	45	68,776	125,238	8,251	133,824	804	426

Note: An activity can target gender equality as a "principal objective" or "significant objective". Principal means gender equality was an explicit objective of the activity and fundamental in its design. Significant means gender equality was an important, but secondary objective of the activity. Not targeted means that the activity was screened for promoting gender equality, but was found to not target it.

Australia

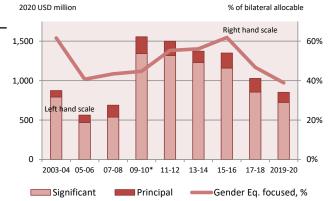
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

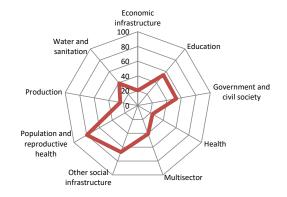
2019 2020 Principal objective 98 156 Significant objective 676 773 Not targeted 1.268 1.406 Not screened 0 0 Total bilateral allocable aid 2,043 2,335 Gender equality focused aid (3) 38% 40% Memo: Total non bilateral allocable aid 185 209 Included in principal: - Aid to Women's equality organisations 3 17 - Ending violence against women 27 25 Contribution to UN Women (multilateral) 5 5



(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million

400

Other Social

(1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown

equality

Gender equality focused aid Not targeted Not screened

(2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016

0

Education

Health and

Population

(3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

Economic

Infrast., incl. Infrastructure

Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Papua New Guinea	405	405	37%
Indonesia	189	187	48%
Solomon Islands	109	108	41%
Bangladesh	70	70	56%
Timor-Leste	69	64	58%
Myanmar	62	62	56%
Afghanistan	53	53	39%
Philippines	50	50	54%
Vanuatu	49	49	35%
Viet Nam	48	48	53%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

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2020	I ISD i	million

Total bilateral Gender equality focused aid allocable aid (3)405 150 37% Papua New Guinea Indonesia 187 89 48% 108 41% 44 Solomon Islands 70 39 56% Bangladesh 58% 64 37 Timor-Leste 62 35 56% Myanmar 50 27 54% Philippines 48 25 53% 100% 23 23 53 Afghanistan

Note: Statistics on gender focus exclude bilateral non-allocable aid since several members do not apply the gender marker on these forms of aid. This category includes programme assistance (e.g. general budget support...), debt relief and in-donor expenses.

Multisector

Production

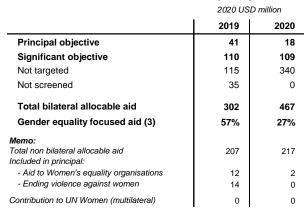
Austria

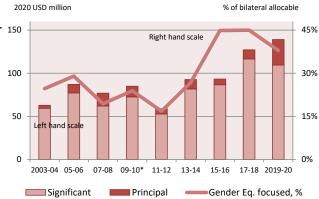
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 95%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

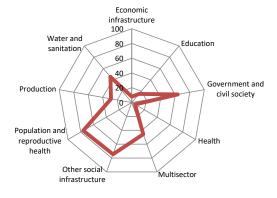




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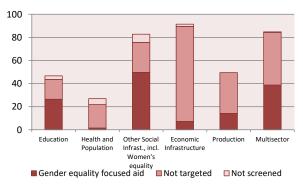
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Serbia	27	16	7%
Turkey	26	12	26%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	21	1	53%
Mozambique	16	16	45%
Syrian Arab Republic	16	12	40%
Ukraine	15	4	40%
Kosovo	15	11	76%
Uganda	14	13	79%
Indonesia	13	13	0%
Albania	12	7	64%

Top ten recipients of gender equality

focused aid

2020 USD million					
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused (3)			
Uganda	13	11	79%		
Burkina Faso	10	10	99%		
Mozambique	16	7	45%		
Ethiopia	10	7	72%		
West Bank and Gaza Strip	7	5	77%		
Syrian Arab Republic	12	5	40%		
Albania	7	5	64%		
Moldova	4	4	88%		
Kosovo	11	4	76%		
Georgia	4	3	82%		

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

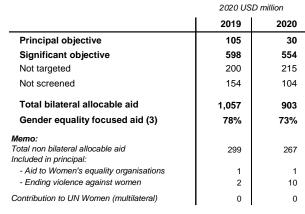
Belgium

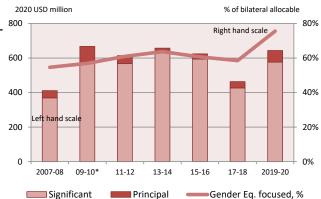
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 87%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

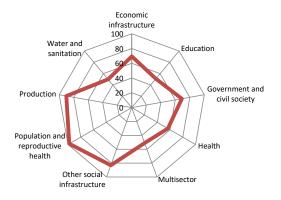




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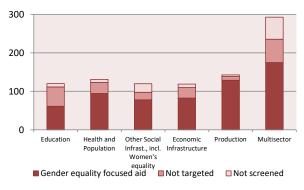
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Democratic Republic of the Congo	110	110	72%
Rwanda	76	76	94%
Burkina Faso	53	53	82%
Benin	43	43	92%
Guinea	33	33	98%
Burundi	30	30	88%
Senegal	29	29	95%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	24	24	90%
Turkey	21	21	97%
Uganda	19	19	84%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	110	72	72%
Rwanda	76	66	94%
Burkina Faso	53	36	82%
Benin	43	33	92%
Burundi	30	26	88%
Senegal	29	23	95%
Turkey	21	20	97%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	24	20	90%
Guinea	33	19	98%
Uganda	19	16	84%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
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- $\textbf{(3)} \ \% \ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

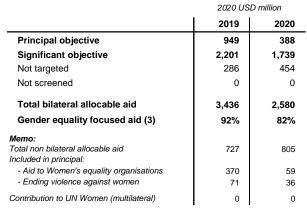
Canada

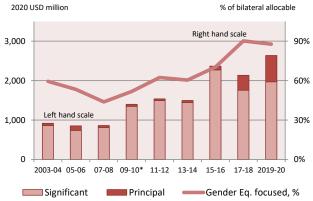
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

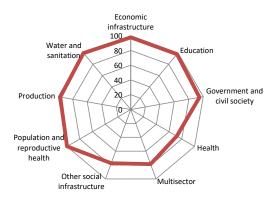




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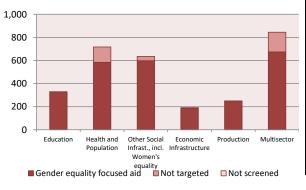
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
South Sudan	95	95	100%
Syrian Arab Republic	88	88	100%
Mali	83	83	98%
Lebanon	77	77	97%
Iraq	74	74	99%
Senegal	68	68	98%
Ethiopia	66	66	99%
Afghanistan	60	60	37%
Tanzania	59	59	98%
Jordan	54	54	99%

Top ten recipients of gender equality

focused aid

2020	USD million		
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused (3)	
South Sudan	95	95	100%
Syrian Arab Republic	88	87	100%
Mali	83	82	98%
Lebanon	77	75	97%
Iraq	74	73	99%
Senegal	68	67	98%
Ethiopia	66	65	99%
Tanzania	59	58	98%
Bangladesh	54	54	99%
Jordan	54	54	99%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

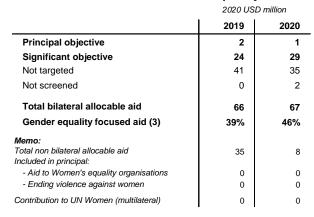
Czech Republic

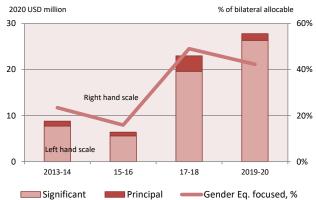
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 99%.

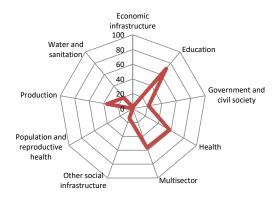
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme





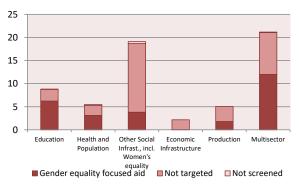
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

Gender Total aid Total bilateral equality allocable aid focused aid (3) 13 Serbia 62% 8% Moldova 5 5 Ethiopia 5 5 52% 5 23% 5 Bosnia and Herzegovina 4 4 0% 43% 4 4 Georgia 3 3 69% Iraq 34% 3 3 Ukraine 3 3 52% 3 68% Jordan

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused air (3)	
Ethiopia	5	3	52%
Iraq	3	2	69%
Jordan	3	2	68%
Georgia	4	2	43%
Zambia	3	1	52%
Afghanistan	1	1	97%
Syrian Arab Republic	3	1	59%
Mali	2	1	68%
Ukraine	3	1	34%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5	1	23%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
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- $\textbf{(3)}\ \%\ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

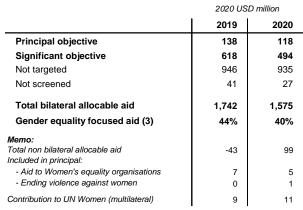
Denmark

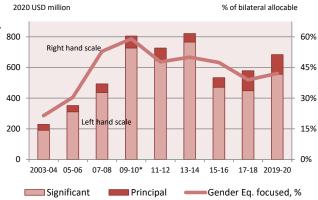
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 98%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

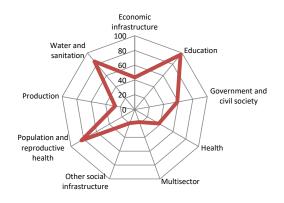




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

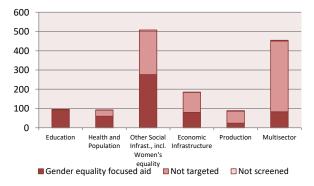
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Kenya	97	97	57%
Ethiopia	94	94	57%
Somalia	82	79	75%
Uganda	70	70	13%
Mali	55	55	43%
Afghanistan	55	55	71%
Syrian Arab Republic	54	54	0%
Ukraine	26	26	14%
Yemen	20	20	0%
Iraq	17	17	0%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused a (3)	
Somalia	79	60	75%
Kenya	97	55	57%
Ethiopia	94	49	57%
Afghanistan	55	39	71%
Mali	55	24	43%
Tanzania	16	14	85%
Niger	15	11	76%
Uganda	70	9	13%
Ghana	15	7	44%
Indonesia	10	6	62%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

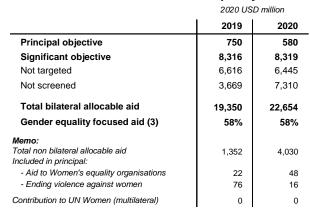
EU Institutions

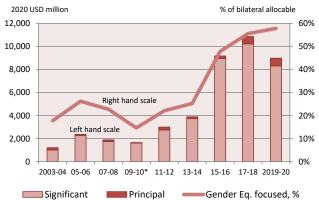
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Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 74%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

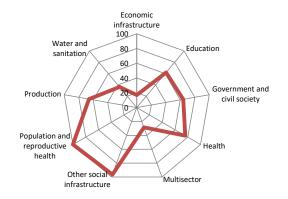




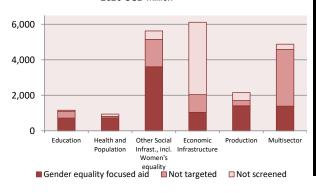
(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Turkey	1,787	1,787	51%
Ukraine	1,338	711	75%
Egypt	946	946	89%
Morocco	787	735	60%
Syrian Arab Republic	670	670	48%
Tunisia	490	317	72%
Serbia	434	434	31%
India	383	383	98%
Brazil	331	331	0%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	294	294	81%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused a (3)	
Turkey	1,787	729	51%
Syrian Arab Republic	670	323	48%
Mozambique	285	266	93%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	294	237	81%
Ukraine	711	216	75%
Iraq	271	181	67%
Afghanistan	158	154	98%
Tunisia	317	141	72%
Georgia	159	127	84%
Morocco	735	123	60%

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- $\textbf{(3)} \ \% \ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

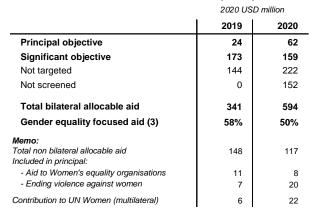
Finland

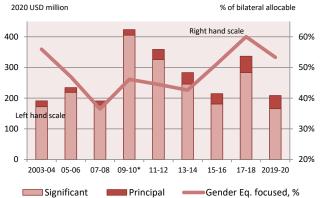
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 84%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

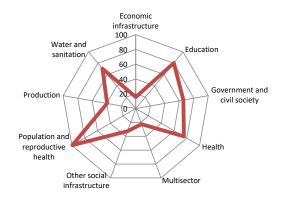




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

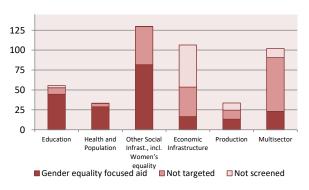
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Somalia	26	25	72%
Mozambique	25	24	77%
Ethiopia	22	21	79%
Afghanistan	19	18	76%
Syrian Arab Republic	17	17	30%
Nepal	17	16	62%
Myanmar	14	14	79%
Tanzania	10	9	73%
Ukraine	8	8	39%
Yemen	8	8	0%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Mozambique	24	18	77%
Somalia	25	18	72%
Ethiopia	21	17	79%
Afghanistan	18	13	76%
Nepal	16	10	62%
Myanmar	14	9	79%
Tanzania	9	7	73%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	6	6	92%
Zambia	6	6	98%
Kenya	6	5	78%

- $\textbf{(1)} \ \mathsf{Amounts} \ \mathsf{are} \ \mathsf{average} \ \mathsf{commitments} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{2019-2020}, \ \mathsf{unless} \ \mathsf{otherwise} \ \mathsf{shown}$
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

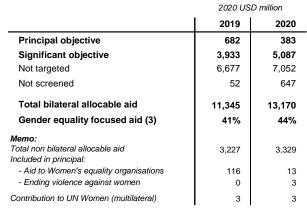
France

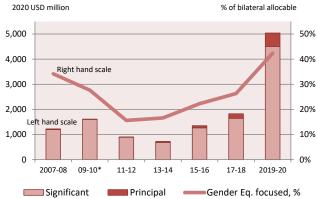
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 97%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

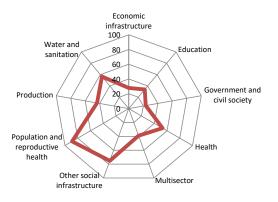




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

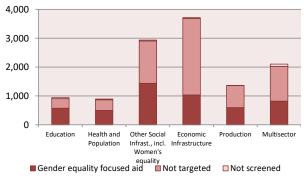
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Morocco	701	578	55%
Nigeria	671	666	41%
Côte d'Ivoire	557	532	30%
Brazil	417	394	47%
Kenya	411	409	42%
Tunisia	411	369	26%
Turkey	369	357	34%
China (People's Republic of)	366	277	54%
India	352	336	81%
Dominican Republic	306	305	95%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused ai	
Morocco	578	318	55%
Dominican Republic	305	289	95%
Nigeria	666	272	41%
India	336	270	81%
Brazil	394	185	47%
Mauritius	191	178	93%
Kenya	409	172	42%
Ecuador	171	164	97%
Jordan	262	161	63%
Egypt	220	153	70%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

Germany

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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 99%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

India

Morocco

Indonesia Iraq

Jordan

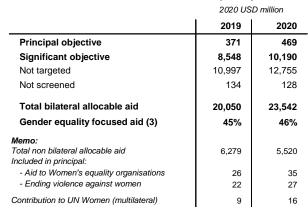
Tunisia

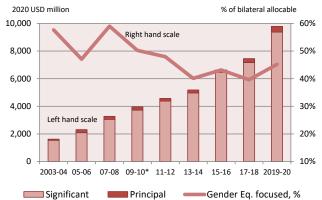
Afghanistan

Colombia

China (People's Republic of)

Syrian Arab Republic

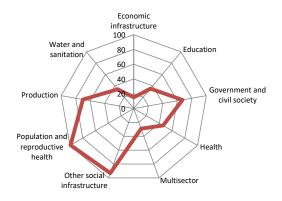




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

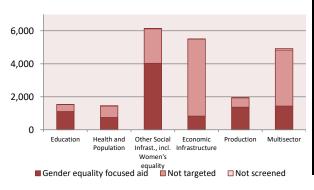
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

Gender Total aid Total bilateral equality allocable aid focused aid (3) 1,891 30% 938 627 8% 835 686 14% 800 764 11% 674 30% 715 583 575 49% 49% 565 548

511

508

23%

67%

26%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

560

515

501

2020 USD million

2020 OSD Million				
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)	
India	1,707	511	30%	
Afghanistan	508	343	67%	
Iraq	575	282	49%	
Jordan	548	269	49%	
Lebanon	289	236	82%	
Turkey	356	228	64%	
Indonesia	674	205	30%	
Ethiopia	364	180	49%	
Yemen	303	163	54%	
Georgia	400	134	34%	

- $\textbf{(1)} \ \mathsf{Amounts} \ \mathsf{are} \ \mathsf{average} \ \mathsf{commitments} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{2019-2020}, \ \mathsf{unless} \ \mathsf{otherwise} \ \mathsf{shown}$
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

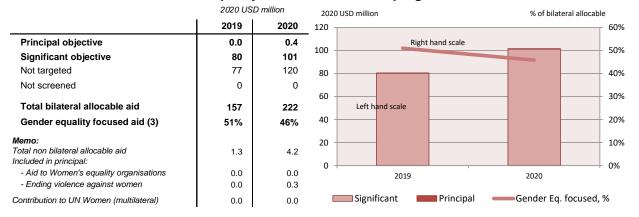
Hungary

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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

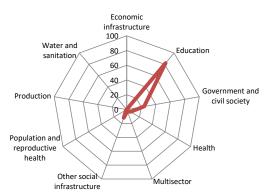
All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme



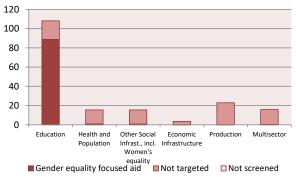
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Serbia	28	28	4%
Ukraine	14	14	9%
Lao People's Democratic Republic	13	13	15%
Syrian Arab Republic	10	10	68%
Jordan	10	10	91%
Mongolia	6	6	67%
Viet Nam	6	6	67%
Turkey	6	6	50%
China (People's Republic of)	5	5	74%
Iraq	5	5	81%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused a	
Jordan	10	9	91%
Syrian Arab Republic	10	7	68%
Mongolia	6	4	67%
Viet Nam	6	4	67%
Azerbaijan	4	4	92%
Pakistan	4	4	90%
Kazakhstan	4	4	93%
Iraq	5	4	81%
China (People's Republic of)	5	4	74%
India	4	3	88%

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- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- $\textbf{(3)}\ \%\ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

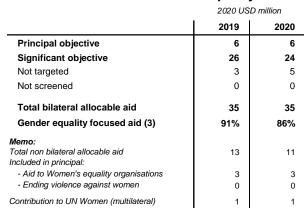
Iceland

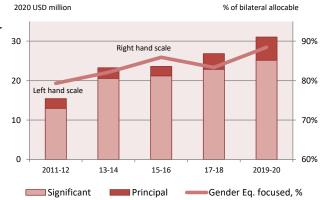
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All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

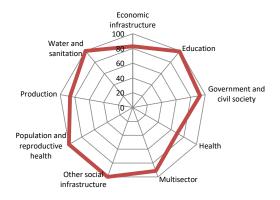
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme



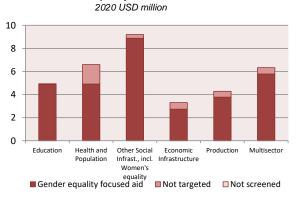


Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Malawi	7.9	7.9	100%
Uganda	5.7	5.7	99%
Sierra Leone	1.8	1.8	100%
Syrian Arab Republic	1.5	1.5	78%
Mozambique	0.8	0.8	100%
Afghanistan	0.7	0.7	66%
Yemen	0.7	0.7	100%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	0.7	0.7	100%
Liberia	0.4	0.4	100%
Lebanon	0.3	0.3	44%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Malawi	7.9	7.9	100%
Uganda	5.7	5.7	99%
Sierra Leone	1.8	1.8	100%
Syrian Arab Republic	1.5	1.2	78%
Mozambique	0.8	0.8	100%
Yemen	0.7	0.7	100%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	0.7	0.7	100%
Afghanistan	0.7	0.5	66%
Liberia	0.4	0.4	100%
Ethiopia	0.3	0.3	100%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

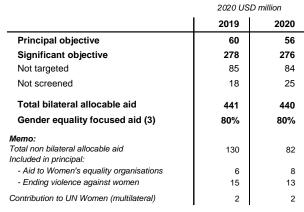
Ireland

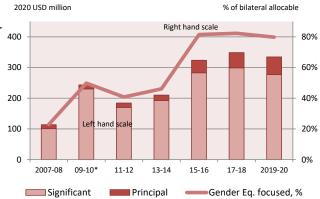
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 95%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

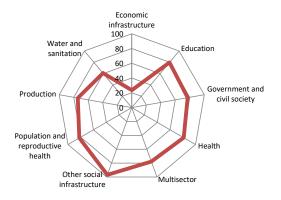




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

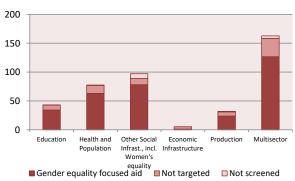
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Ethiopia	45	43	92%
Mozambique	30	28	95%
Tanzania	26	25	94%
Uganda	25	24	89%
Malawi	24	24	82%
Sierra Leone	16	15	92%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	11	11	36%
South Sudan	11	11	85%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	9	9	93%
Zimbabwe	9	9	89%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused a (3)	
Ethiopia	43	40	92%
Mozambique	28	26	95%
Tanzania	25	23	94%
Uganda	24	20	89%
Malawi	24	19	82%
Sierra Leone	15	14	92%
South Sudan	11	9	85%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	9	9	93%
Zimbabwe	9	8	89%
Viet Nam	9	8	90%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- $\textbf{(3)} \ \% \ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

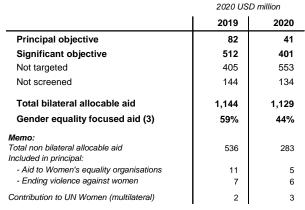
Italy

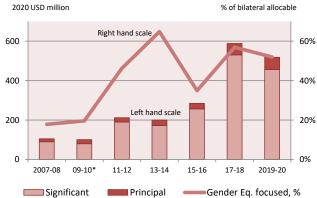
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 88%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

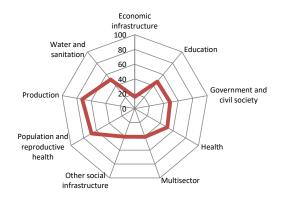




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

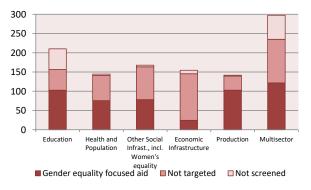
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Tunisia	78	78	72%
Jordan	66	65	90%
Afghanistan	59	59	30%
Turkey	40	40	7%
Ethiopia	38	38	85%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	34	32	68%
Libya	31	31	17%
Lebanon	30	30	63%
Mozambique	26	25	46%
Myanmar	23	23	93%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

2020 03D 111111011				
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)	
Jordan	65	58	90%	
Tunisia	78	53	72%	
Ethiopia	38	29	85%	
West Bank and Gaza Strip	32	21	68%	
Myanmar	23	21	93%	
Lebanon	30	18	63%	
Bolivia	20	18	91%	
Afghanistan	59	18	30%	
Sudan	21	17	82%	
Pakistan	15	13	88%	

- $\textbf{(1)} \ \mathsf{Amounts} \ \mathsf{are} \ \mathsf{average} \ \mathsf{commitments} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{2019-2020}, \ \mathsf{unless} \ \mathsf{otherwise} \ \mathsf{shown}$
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

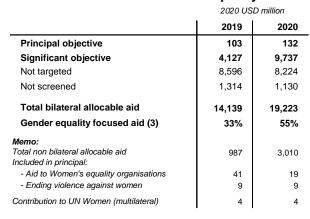
Japan

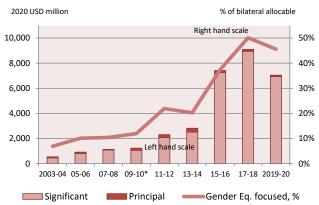
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 93%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

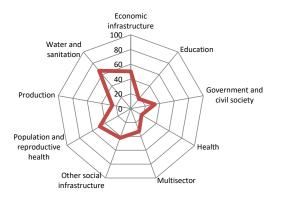




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million

8,000
6,000
4,000
2,000
Deducation Health and Other Social Economic Production Multisector Infrastructure

Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Bangladesh	3,142	2,978	63%
India	2,437	2,366	73%
Philippines	2,421	2,187	57%
Myanmar	1,325	1,184	36%
Indonesia	1,106	872	65%
Uzbekistan	903	903	12%
Iraq	577	577	6%
Kenya	533	533	10%
Cambodia	397	279	61%
Viet Nam	309	309	25%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 LISD million

2020 USD million				
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)	
Bangladesh	2,978	1,858	63%	
India	2,366	1,676	73%	
Philippines	2,187	1,229	57%	
Indonesia	872	556	65%	
Myanmar	1,184	411	36%	
Cambodia	279	160	61%	
Sri Lanka	175	148	87%	
Uzbekistan	903	111	12%	
Viet Nam	309	72	25%	
Ethiopia	106	57	58%	

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016

■ Gender equality focused aid

 $\textbf{(3)}\ \%\ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

luality
Not targeted

■ Not screened

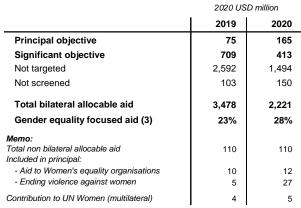
Korea

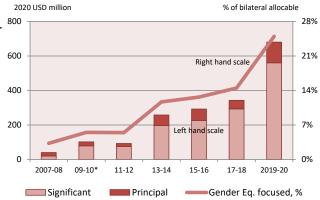
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Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

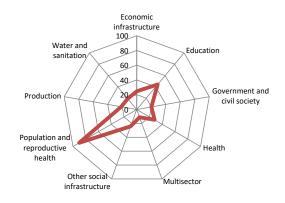




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

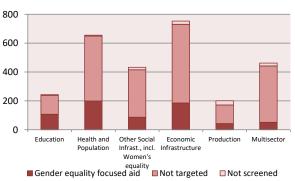
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Mongolia	252	252	3%
Ethiopia	186	186	33%
Uzbekistan	149	149	62%
Ghana	141	141	5%
Philippines	141	141	40%
Pakistan	135	135	64%
Myanmar	130	130	1%
Cambodia	113	113	29%
Tanzania	103	103	14%
Lao People's Democratic Republic	90	90	11%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused at (3)	
Uzbekistan	149	90	62%
Pakistan	135	87	64%
Ethiopia	186	61	33%
Philippines	141	56	40%
Guatemala	47	43	90%
Cambodia	113	30	29%
Nepal	36	29	80%
Paraguay	74	25	34%
Rwanda	60	20	33%
Honduras	20	18	89%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

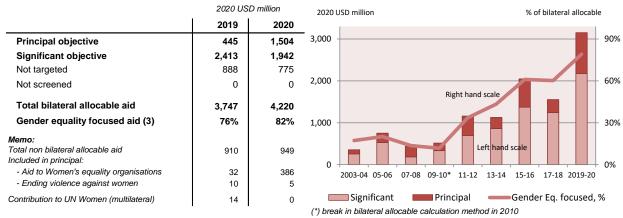
Netherlands

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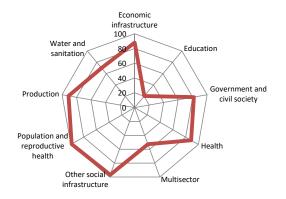
All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme



Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million

2,000

Education

Health and

Gender equality focused aid

1,500

(1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown

Other Social

Infrast., incl.

(2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016

(3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

Fconomic

Production

■ Not targeted ■ Not screened

Multisector

Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Ethiopia	124	124	89%
Mali	67	67	60%
Mozambique	62	62	59%
Burkina Faso	53	53	87%
Uganda	52	52	80%
South Sudan	50	50	94%
Yemen	47	47	73%
Somalia	40	38	89%
Niger	38	38	78%
Iraq	38	38	40%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Ethiopia	124	111	89%
South Sudan	50	47	94%
Burkina Faso	53	46	87%
Uganda	52	42	80%
Mali	67	40	60%
Mozambique	62	37	59%
Yemen	47	34	73%
Somalia	38	34	89%
Niger	38	29	78%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	30	29	98%

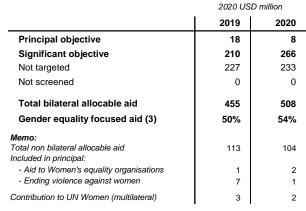
New Zealand

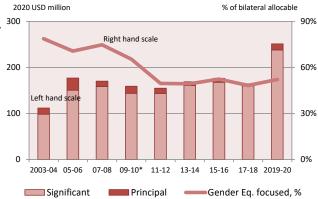
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

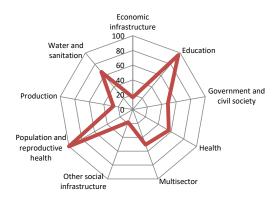




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

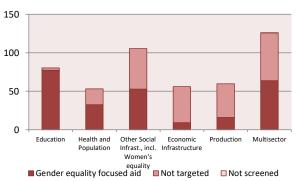
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Kiribati	33	27	80%
Papua New Guinea	33	29	73%
Solomon Islands	31	30	65%
Niue	26	17	5%
Vanuatu	24	23	61%
Myanmar	22	22	78%
Samoa	21	16	91%
Fiji	18	15	74%
Tokelau	16	7	60%
Timor-Leste	14	14	82%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

,				
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused a		
Kiribati	27	21	80%	
Papua New Guinea	29	21	73%	
Solomon Islands	30	19	65%	
Myanmar	22	17	78%	
Samoa	16	14	91%	
Vanuatu	23	14	61%	
Timor-Leste	14	12	82%	
Fiji	15	11	74%	
Indonesia	11	7	61%	
Cambodia	13	6	51%	

- $\textbf{(1)} \ \mathsf{Amounts} \ \mathsf{are} \ \mathsf{average} \ \mathsf{commitments} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{2019-2020}, \ \mathsf{unless} \ \mathsf{otherwise} \ \mathsf{shown}$
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

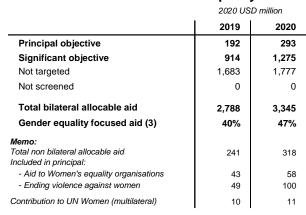
Norway

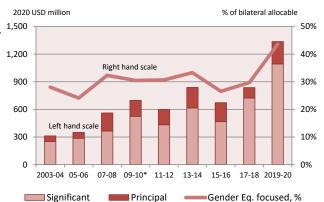
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

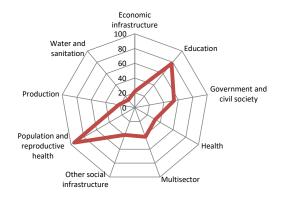




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

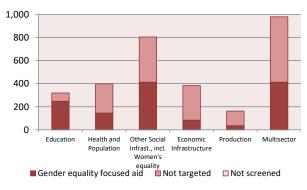
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

Gender Total aid Total bilateral equality allocable aid focused aid (3) 128 128 Syrian Arab Republic 68% 98 49% South Sudan 98 West Bank and Gaza Strip 90 90 36% 79 79 58% Malawi Mozambique 77 77 34% 42% 70 70 Afghanistan 66 66 54% Lebanon 44% 60 60 Colombia 58 56 53% 50 50 93% Nepal

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Syrian Arab Republic	128	87	68%
South Sudan	98	48	49%
Nepal	50	47	93%
Malawi	79	46	58%
Lebanon	66	36	54%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	90	33	36%
Tanzania	48	30	64%
Somalia	56	30	53%
Afghanistan	70	29	42%
Colombia	60	26	44%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- $\textbf{(3)}\ \%\ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

Poland

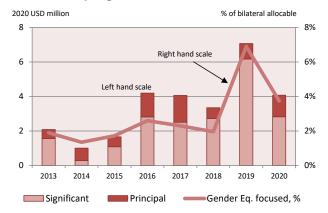
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

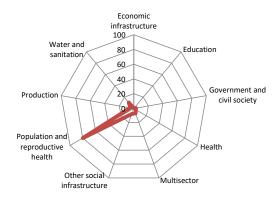
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

	2020 USD million	
	2019	2020
Principal objective	1	1
Significant objective	6	3
Not targeted	95	105
Not screened	0	0
Total bilateral allocable aid	102	109
Gender equality focused aid (3)	7%	4%
Memo:		
Total non bilateral allocable aid Included in principal:	139	125
- Aid to Women's equality organisations	0.0	0.0
- Ending violence against women	0.2	0.3
Contribution to UN Women (multilateral)	0.1	0.1

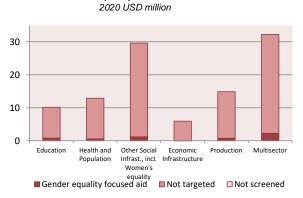


Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Ukraine	75	19	1%
Belarus	52	25	1%
Turkey	13	10	0%
Tanzania	12	11	4%
Mongolia	10	10	0%
India	7	0	10%
China (People's Republic of)	6	0	0%
Kenya	4	4	20%
Lebanon	3	3	42%
Iraq	3	2	39%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Lebanon	3	1.1	42%
Georgia	2	0.8	41%
Kenya	4	0.8	20%
Iraq	2	0.7	39%
Tanzania	11	0.5	4%
Jordan	1	0.4	50%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	1	0.4	35%
Senegal	0	0.3	89%
Ukraine	19	0.2	1%
Belarus	25	0.2	1%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

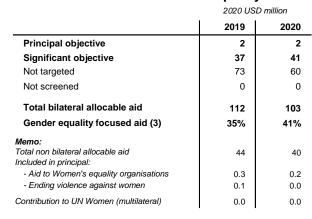
Portugal

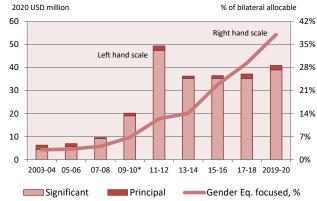
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

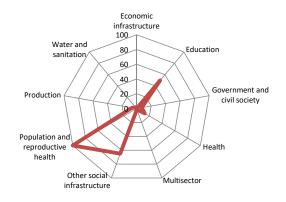




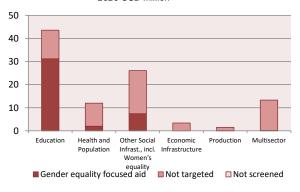
(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Mozambique	28	25	42%
Cabo Verde	19	13	42%
Guinea-Bissau	18	9	29%
Timor-Leste	15	14	84%
Sao Tome and Principe	13	12	35%
Angola	5	4	37%
Brazil	5	5	40%
Syrian Arab Republic	5	5	0%
Cuba	2	0	0%
Afghanistan	1	1	0%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

2020	OGD IIIIIIOII		
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)
Timor-Leste	14	11	84%
Mozambique	25	11	42%
Cabo Verde	13	6	42%
Sao Tome and Principe	12	4	35%
Guinea-Bissau	9	3	29%
Brazil	5	2	40%
Angola	4	2	37%
China (People's Republic of)	1	1	69%
Colombia	1	0	17%
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	15%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- $\textbf{(3)} \ \% \ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

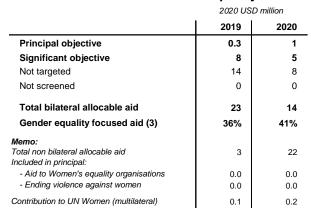
Slovak Republic

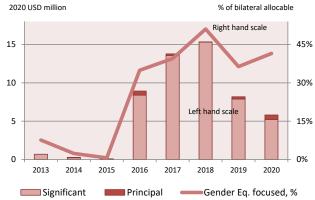
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

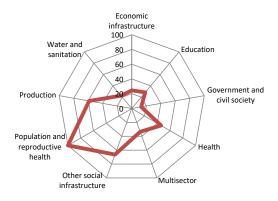
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme



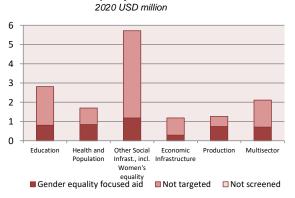


Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Serbia	10.4	1.6	9%
Turkey	1.9	1.9	99%
Kenya	1.9	1.9	53%
Ukraine	1.6	1.6	22%
Moldova	1.0	1.0	61%
Georgia	0.9	0.9	14%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.6	0.6	3%
Lebanon	0.6	0.6	83%
Albania	0.5	0.5	37%
Ethiopia	0.4	0.4	96%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

2020 USD Million			
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)
Turkey	1.9	1.9	99%
Kenya	1.9	1.0	53%
Moldova	1.0	0.6	61%
Lebanon	0.6	0.5	83%
Ethiopia	0.4	0.4	96%
Ukraine	1.6	0.3	22%
South Sudan	0.4	0.3	85%
Iraq	0.4	0.3	66%
Uganda	0.2	0.2	90%
Albania	0.5	0.2	37%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

Slovenia

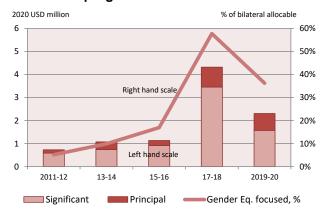
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 68%.

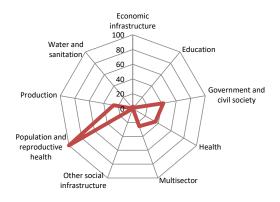
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

2020 USD million		D million
	2019	2020
Principal objective	0.1	1.3
Significant objective	2.3	0.8
Not targeted	4.5	3.6
Not screened	3.5	2.4
Total bilateral allocable aid	11	8
Gender equality focused aid (3)	35%	37%
Memo:		
Total non bilateral allocable aid Included in principal:	19	18
- Aid to Women's equality organisations	0.0	0.5
- Ending violence against women	0.0	0.5
Contribution to UN Women (multilateral)	0.0	0.0

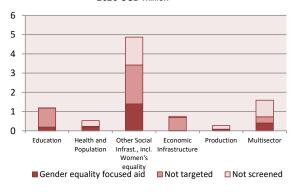


Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors 2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5.9	0.9	33%
North Macedonia	5.6	1.1	6%
Serbia	4.5	0.7	21%
Montenegro	1.3	0.6	41%
Ukraine	1.2	1.2	0%
Kosovo	1.1	0.7	49%
Albania	0.4	0.4	99%
Lebanon	0.3	0.3	100%
Syrian Arab Republic	0.3	0.3	100%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	0.2	0.2	88%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)
Kosovo	0.7	0.3	49%
Albania	0.4	0.3	99%
Lebanon	0.3	0.2	100%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	0.2	0.2	88%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.9	0.2	33%
Syrian Arab Republic	0.3	0.2	100%
Jordan	0.1	0.1	100%
Montenegro	0.6	0.1	41%
Serbia	0.7	0.1	21%
Uganda	0.1	0.1	100%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- $\textbf{(3)} \ \% \ \text{of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker}.$

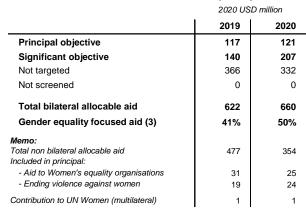
Spain

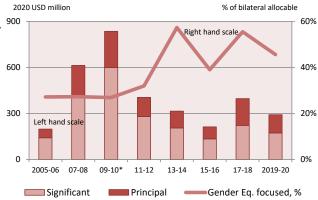
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

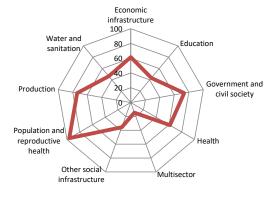




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

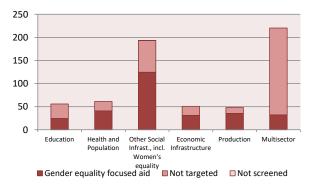
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Colombia	69	31	77%
Venezuela	61	5	27%
El Salvador	56	43	55%
Morocco	42	30	66%
Turkey	29	28	1%
Peru	28	23	78%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	27	23	68%
Guatemala	24	23	76%
Syrian Arab Republic	22	8	23%
Honduras	20	12	74%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

2020	OGD IIIIIIOII		
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)
El Salvador	43	24	55%
Colombia	31	23	77%
Morocco	30	20	66%
Peru	23	18	78%
Guatemala	23	17	76%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	23	15	68%
Bolivia	17	14	84%
Senegal	16	11	69%
Ecuador	12	9	74%
Honduras	12	9	74%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

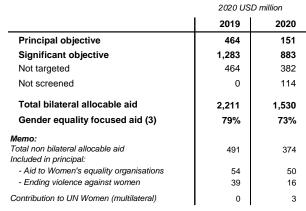
Sweden

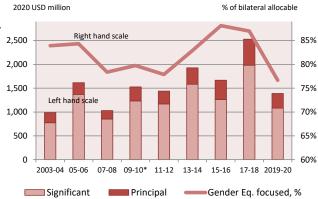
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 97%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

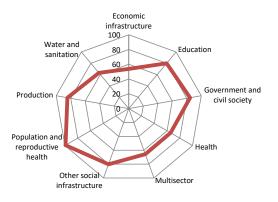




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

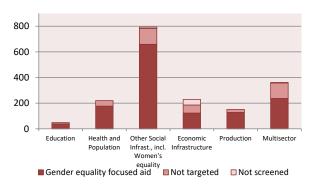
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Zambia	69	69	94%
Uganda	56	56	77%
Somalia	50	50	74%
South Sudan	43	43	57%
Sudan	35	35	94%
Rwanda	35	35	95%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	33	32	80%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	33	33	93%
Mozambique	27	27	93%
Liberia	26	25	92%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Zambia	69	65	94%
Uganda	56	43	77%
Somalia	50	37	74%
Rwanda	35	33	95%
Sudan	35	33	94%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	33	30	93%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	32	26	80%
Mozambique	27	25	93%
South Sudan	43	25	57%
Liberia	25	23	92%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

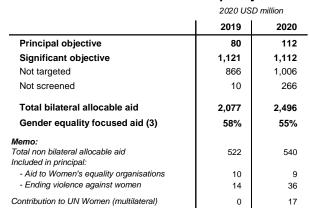
Switzerland

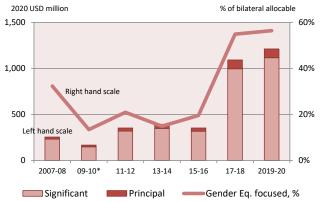
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Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 94%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

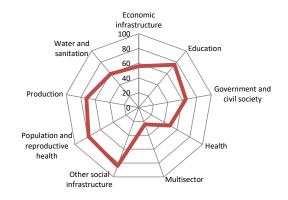




(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

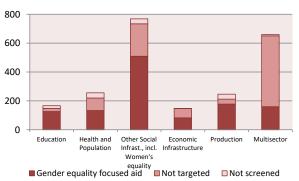
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Nepal	56	53	75%
Tanzania	54	50	84%
Mali	51	49	80%
Bangladesh	45	43	88%
Ukraine	42	40	54%
Albania	42	40	61%
Benin	41	38	94%
Myanmar	41	38	73%
West Bank and Gaza Strip	39	37	65%
Syrian Arab Republic	38	38	62%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

2020 03D 111111011				
	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)	
Tanzania	50	43	84%	
Nepal	53	39	75%	
Mali	49	39	80%	
Bangladesh	43	38	88%	
Benin	38	36	94%	
Myanmar	38	28	73%	
Albania	40	24	61%	
West Bank and Gaza Strip	37	24	65%	
Syrian Arab Republic	38	24	62%	
Afghanistan	31	22	72%	

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

United Kingdom

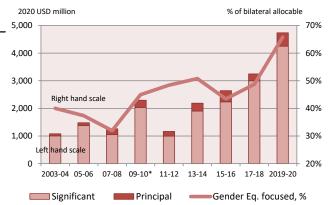
An activity can target gender equality as a "principal objective" or "significant objective". Principal means gender equality was an explicit objective of the activity and fundemental in its design. Significant means gender equality was an important, but secondary, objective of the activity. Not targeted means that the activity was screened for promoting gender equality, but was not found to have targeted it.

The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality

Not all activities have been screened against the gender marker: the coverage ratio for bilateral allocable activities is 96%.

Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme

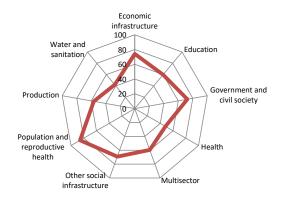
2020 USD million		D million
	2019	2020
Principal objective	670	297
Significant objective	4,739	3,766
Not targeted	3,612	1,310
Not screened	430	204
Total bilateral allocable aid	9,451	5,577
Gender equality focused aid (3)	60%	76%
Memo: Total non bilateral allocable aid Included in principal:	1,171	1,347
Aid to Women's equality organisations Ending violence against women	16 37	8 27
Contribution to UN Women (multilateral)	0	0



(*) break in bilateral allocable calculation method in 2010

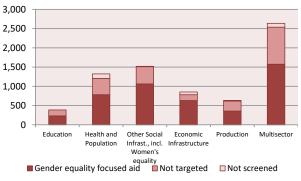
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Yemen	591	590	75%
Ethiopia	335	328	92%
Syrian Arab Republic	206	204	55%
Somalia	194	178	79%
Afghanistan	187	149	91%
Nigeria	176	165	73%
Pakistan	161	148	68%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	160	156	10%
Bangladesh	146	141	98%
Uganda	125	122	36%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equal	ity focused aid 3)
Yemen	590	440	75%
Ethiopia	328	299	92%
Somalia	178	141	79%
Bangladesh	141	137	98%
Afghanistan	149	136	91%
Nigeria	165	120	73%
Syrian Arab Republic	204	113	55%
Pakistan	148	100	68%
Zimbabwe	94	89	99%
Kenya	96	82	87%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

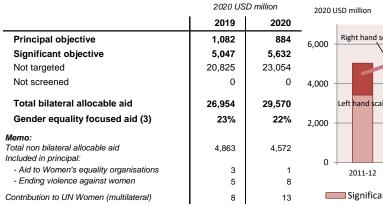
United States

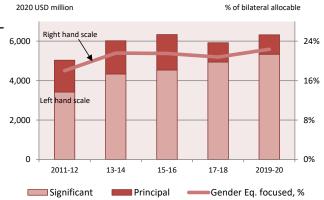
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The use of the recommended minimum criteria for the marker by some members in recent years can result in lower levels of aid reported as focused on gender equality (2).

All activities have been screened against the gender marker: the gender coverage ratio is thus 100%.

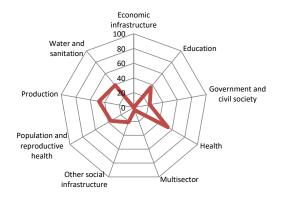
Gender equality focus of donor's aid programme





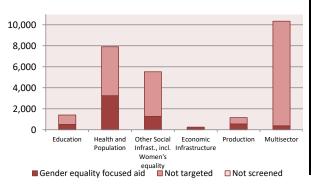
Sector breakdown

Percentage of gender equality focused aid by sector



Gender equality focus of sectors

2020 USD million



Top ten recipients

Gender equality focus in aid to top ten recipients 2020 USD million

	Total aid	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)
Jordan	1,309	1,280	8%
Afghanistan	1,186	1,075	38%
Ethiopia	1,052	1,019	26%
Nigeria	941	913	29%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	905	870	18%
South Sudan	863	829	8%
Syrian Arab Republic	838	833	0%
Colombia	796	776	19%
Yemen	761	755	4%
Iraq	747	726	7%

Top ten recipients of gender equality focused aid

2020 USD million

	Total bilateral allocable aid	Gender equality focused aid (3)	
Afghanistan	1,075	413	38%
Ethiopia	1,019	266	26%
Nigeria	913	265	29%
Uganda	647	239	37%
Tanzania	528	219	41%
Kenya	631	169	27%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	870	156	18%
Colombia	776	144	19%
Zambia	326	120	37%
Ukraine	312	117	37%

- (1) Amounts are average commitments for 2019-2020, unless otherwise shown
- (2) Handbook on the OECD-DAC Gender Equality Policy Marker 2016
- (3) % of bilateral allocable aid excluding activities not screened against the gender equality marker.

